- Claim 1. (previously presented) A method of treating or preventing a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system emits a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488 nm.
- Claim 2. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.
- Claim 3. (previously presented) A method of minimizing circadian and neuroendocrine stimulation or disruption in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system excludes emission of a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488 nm.

Claim 4. (canceled)

- Claim 5. (previously presented) A light system, comprising at least one light source, said light source emitting a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocnne system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488 nm.
- Claim 6. (previously presented) A light system, comprising at least one light source, said light source excluding emission of a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488.

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- Claim 7. (canceled)
- Claim 8. (canceled)
- Claim 9. (canceled)
- Claim 10. (canceled)
- Claim 11. (previously presented) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one transparent material component, said light source emitting light through said transparent material component, said transparent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically transmitting a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488 nm.
- Claim 12. (original) The method of Claim 11, wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.
- Claim 13. (previously presented) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one translucent material component, said light source emitting light through said translucent material component, said translucent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically transmitting a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a

- circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 435 488 nm.
- Claim 14. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.
- Claim 15. (original) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one transparent material component, said light source emitting light through said transparent material component, said transparent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 505 nm.

Claim 16. (canceled)

Claim 17. (previously presented) A method of minimizing circadian and neuroendocrine stimulation or disruption in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one translucent material component, said light source emitting light through said translucent material component, said translucent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal,

said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm.

Claim 18. (canceled)

Claim 19. (canceled)

Claim 20. (new) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system excludes emission of a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm, and wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.

Claim 21. (new) A transparent composition, comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically transmitting a balance of wavelengths for stimulating a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak transmittance ranging from 425 - 505 nm.

Claim 22. (new) A translucent composition, comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically transmitting a balance of wavelengths for stimulating a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine

system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak transmittance ranging from 425 - 505 nm.

Claim 23. (new) A transparent composition, comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths for stimulating a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm.

Claim 24. (new) A translucent composition, comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths for stimulating a mammalian circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm.

Claim 25. (new) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one transparent material component, said light source emitting light through said transparent material component, said transparent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm, wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.

Claim 26. (new) A method of treating a light responsive disorder in a mammal, comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of light to said mammal, said light being generated by a light system, wherein said light system comprises at least one light source and at least one translucent material component, said light source emitting light through said translucent material component, said translucent material component comprising at least one light filtering component, said light filtering component specifically blocking a balance of wavelengths to stimulate a circadian, photoneural, or neuroendocrine system of said mammal, said balance of wavelengths having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 5055 nm, wherein said light responsive disorder is at least one of the group of seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a sleep disorder, circadian disruption, eating disorders, menstrual cycle disorders, non-specific alerting or performance deficits, hormone-sensitive cancers, or cardiovascular disorders.

Claim 27. (new) A light meter system for quantifying light which stimulates a mammalian circadian, , photoneural, or neuroendocrine system under normal conditions or which provides light therapy, said light meter system comprising at least one light metering device configured to match wavelength sensitivity of mammalian photoreceptors for circadian and neuroendocrine regulation, said wavelength having a peak sensitivity ranging from 425 - 505 nm.